

Positive Group Culture and Student Management

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**NORTHWEST
OUTWARD BOUND SCHOOL**

Outcomes

- ▶ Examine basic idea of group formation
- ▶ Explore different methods & tools to:
 - ▶ Proactively develop positive group culture
 - ▶ Address undesirable participant behavior
- ▶ Apply student management concepts to scenarios

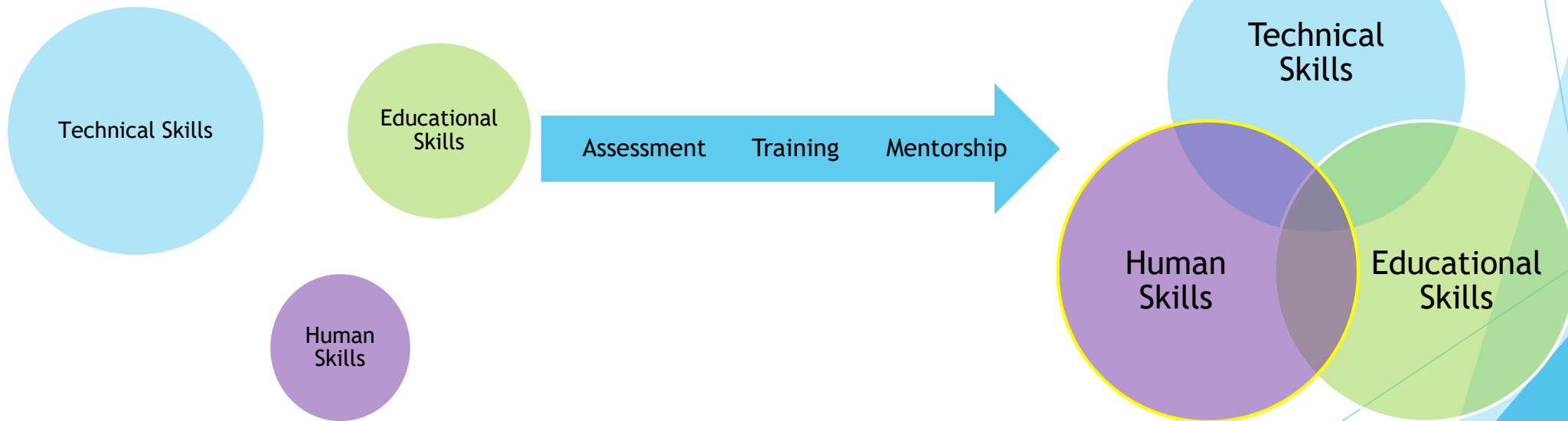


Joel Reid

The Outdoor Educator

New Instructor

Experienced Instructor



Phases of Group Development

Forming



Storming

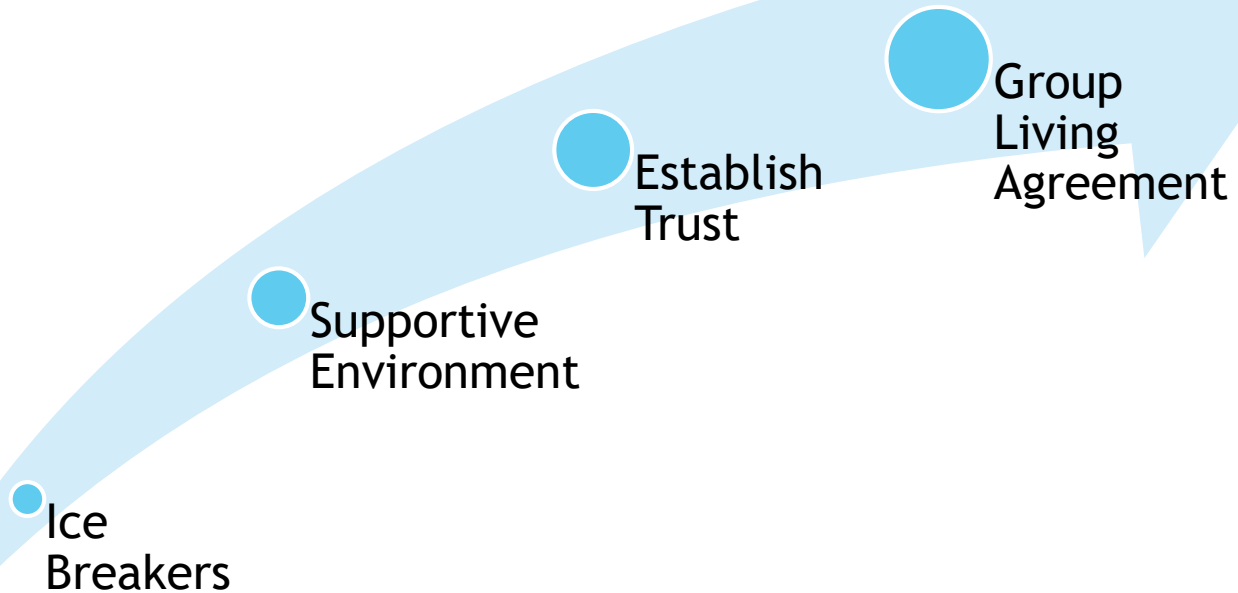


Norming

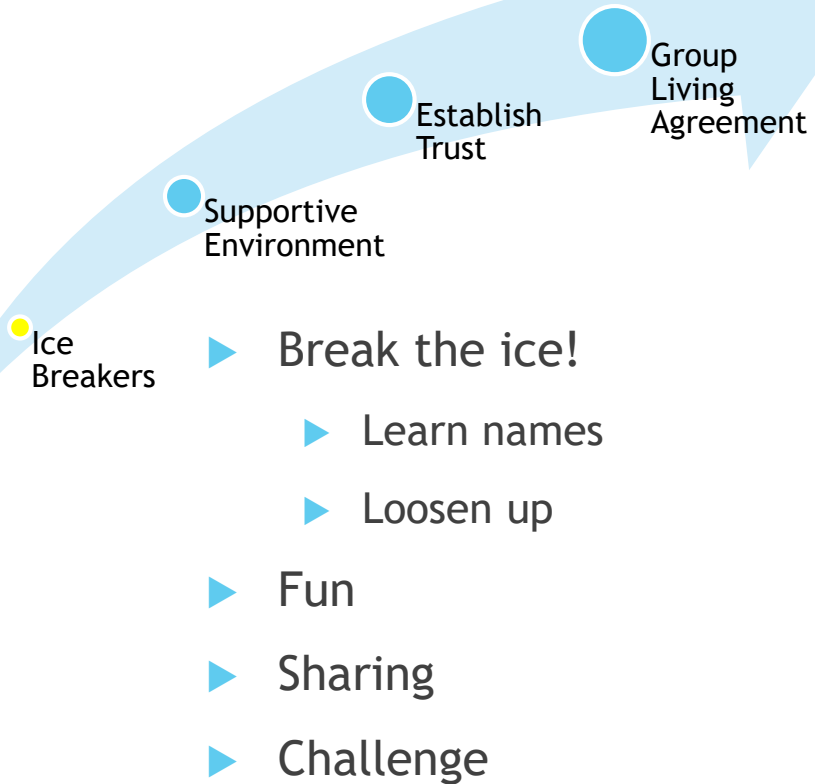


Performing

Establishing Positive Group Culture: The Tone Set



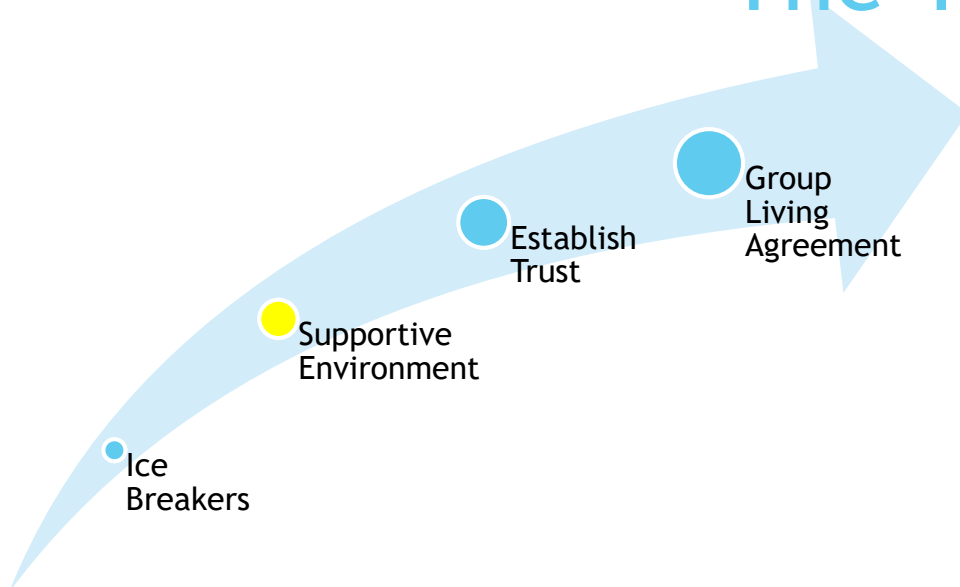
Establishing Positive Group Culture: The Tone Set



Joel Reid

You can learn more about someone in an hour of play than in a year of conversation. - Plato

Establishing Positive Group Culture: The Tone Set



▶ Start building rapport

- ▶ Use names
- ▶ Use trivia from ice-breakers
- ▶ Ask questions

▶ Share vulnerabilities

- ▶ Evening Meeting
- ▶ Meals
- ▶ Travel time

▶ Set clear expectations

- ▶ What are non-negotiable expectations?
 - ▶ What you will do for them
 - ▶ What do you expect of the group?
 - ▶ What will their trip look like? Big picture
 - ▶ Daily structure and flow
- ## ▶ Allow time and space for needs to be met

Creating Positive Group Culture: Set the Tone

Ice Breakers

Supportive Environment

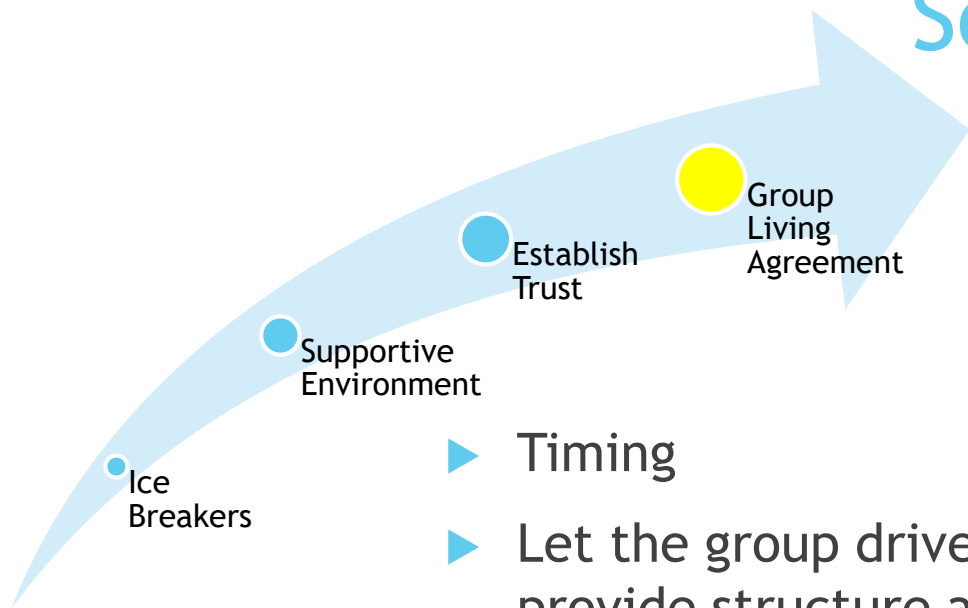
Establish Trust

Group Living Agreement

- ▶ Keep building rapport
- ▶ Dunk 'em and dry 'em
- ▶ Demonstrate competency
- ▶ Be realistic
- ▶ United front with you co-leader
- ▶ Take notes and use them to give specific feedback



Creating Positive Group Culture: Tone Set



- ▶ Timing
- ▶ Let the group drive it, but provide structure and involvement
- ▶ Tailor it to meet your group's needs and the length of trip

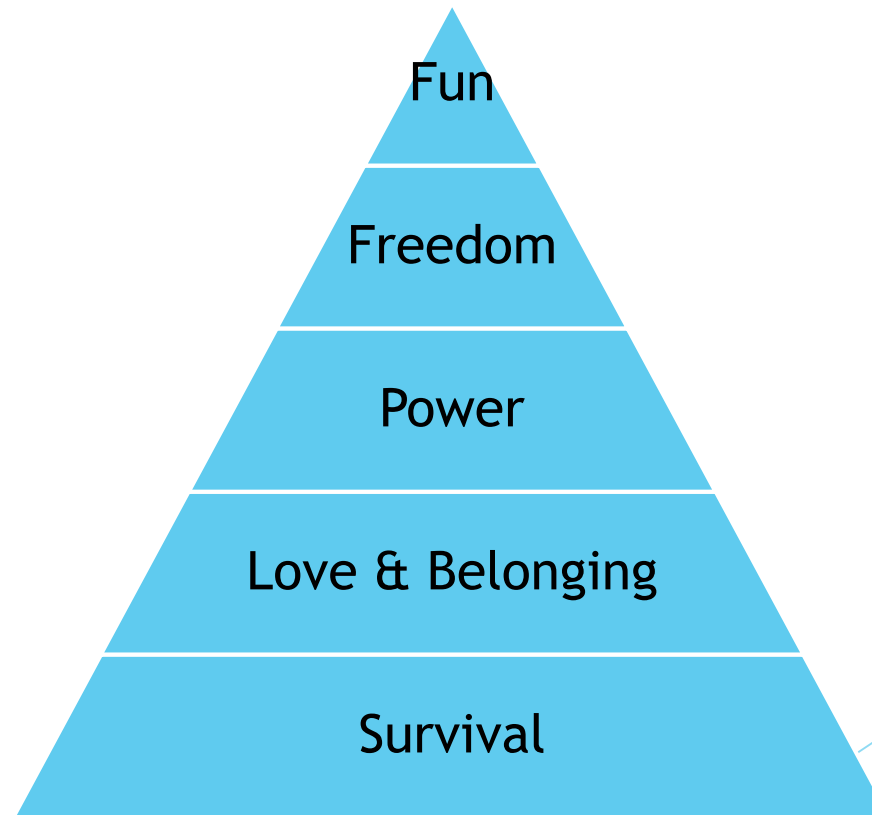




- ▶ Set yourself up for a positive group culture by:
 - ▶ Accurate self and co-leader assessment
 - ▶ Knowing your population
 - ▶ Trip start plan
 - ▶ Early and genuine rapport building
 - ▶ Well-executed tone set: group cohesion, supportive environment, trust, and an explicit set of group norms
 - ▶ Modeling and teaching interpersonal skills

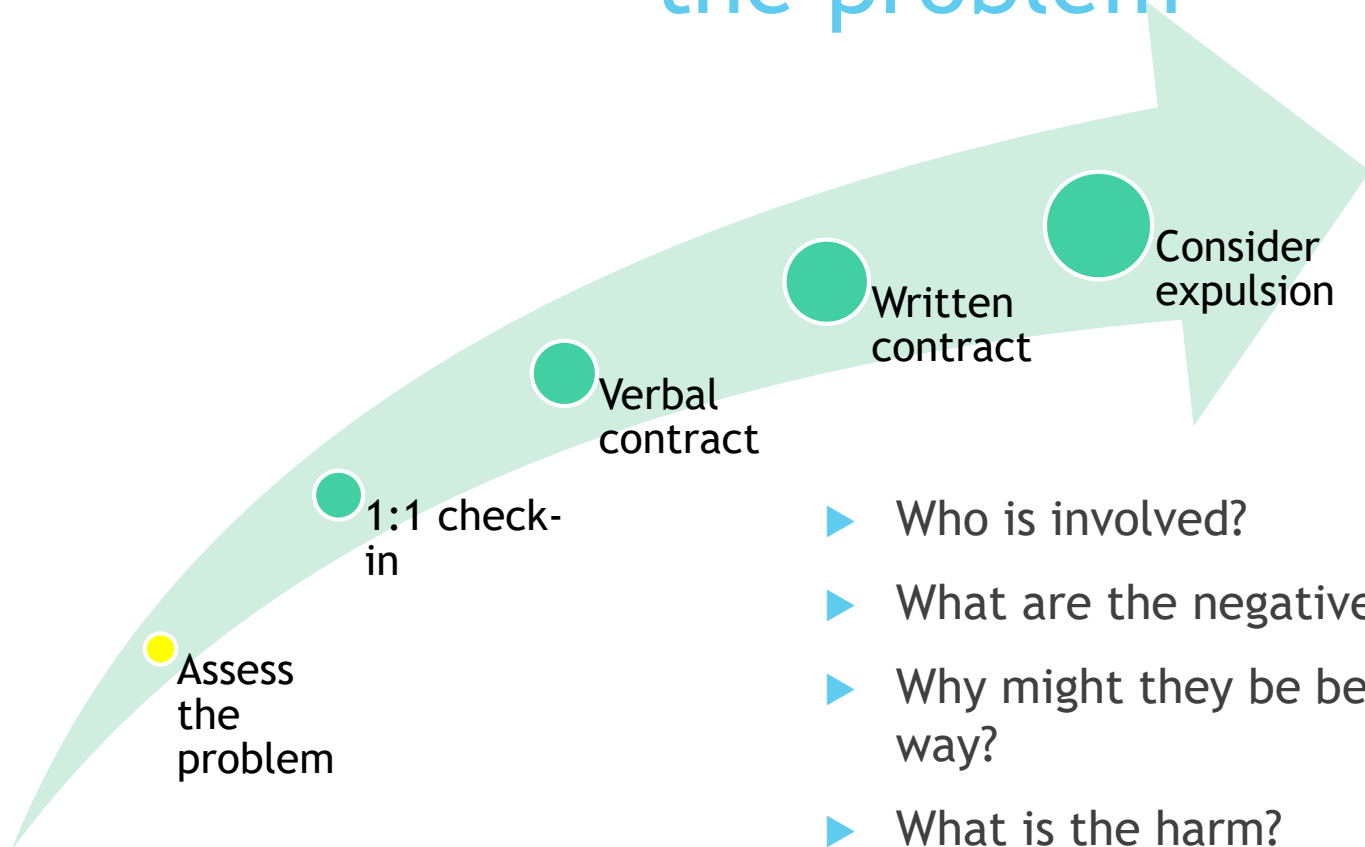
Undesirable or inappropriate behaviors

- ▶ Do they have needs that are not being met?
- ▶ What are they trying to accomplish with their behavior?
- ▶ Common causes are:
 - ▶ Quality of the relationships
 - ▶ Expectations
 - ▶ Control/Power



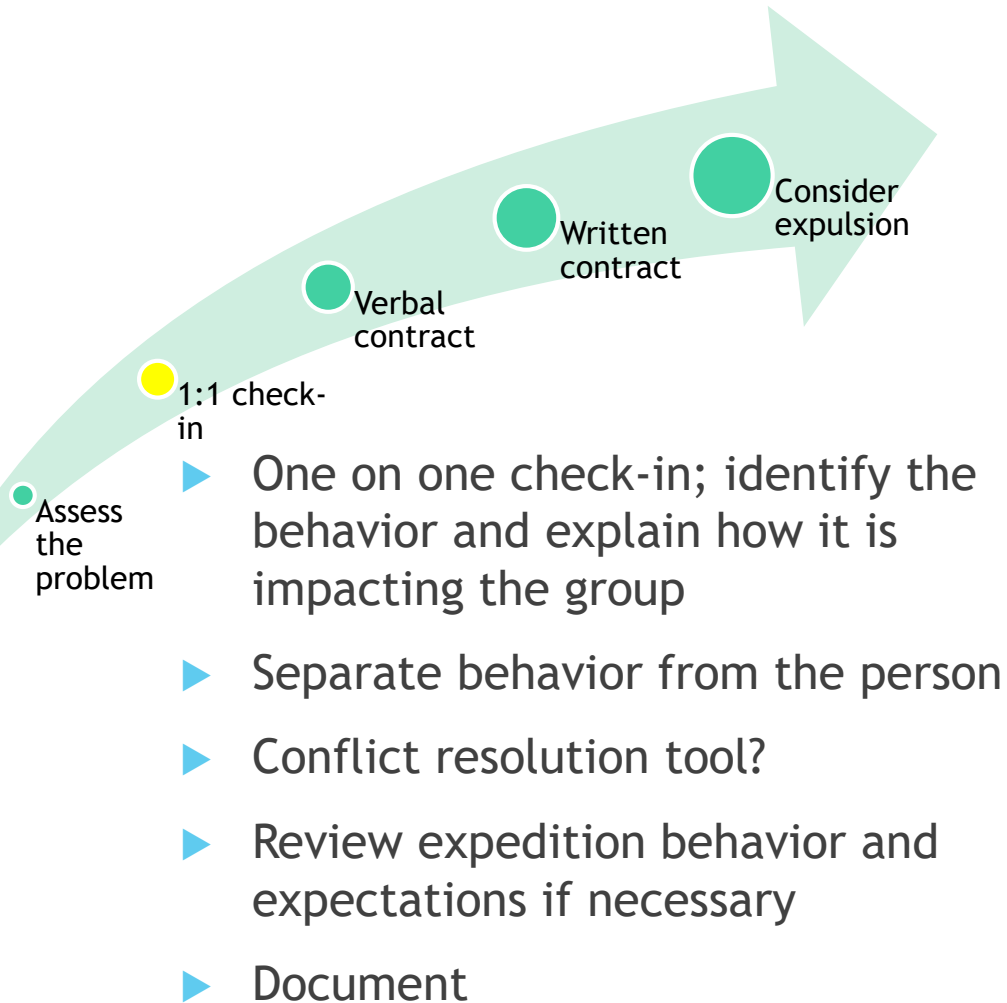
Dr. William Glasser, Choice Theory

Addressing Problematic Behavior: Assess the problem

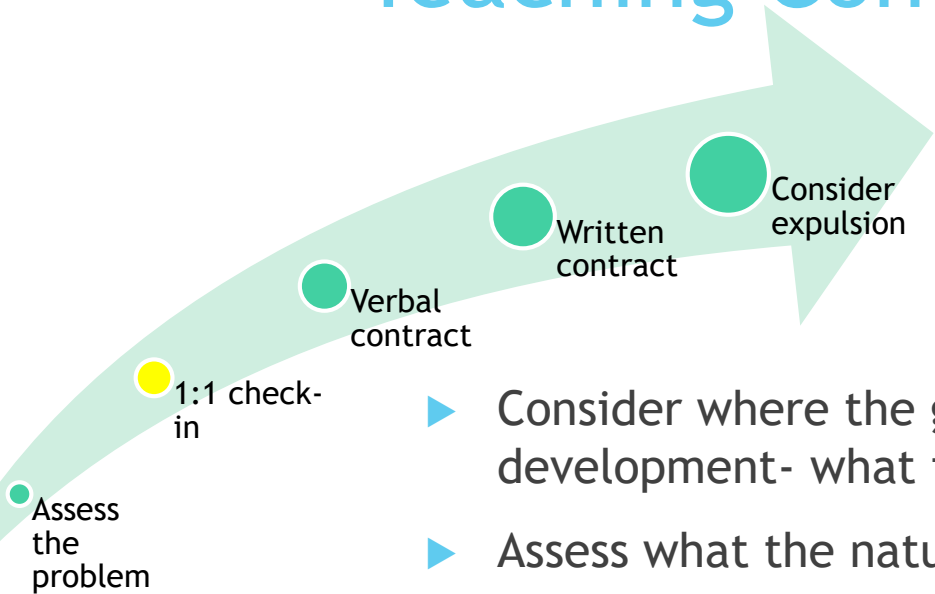


- ▶ Who is involved?
- ▶ What are the negative behaviors?
- ▶ Why might they be behaving in this way?
- ▶ What is the harm?
- ▶ Who should address it?

Addressing Problematic Behavior: Check in Early



Addressing Problematic Behavior: Teaching Conflict Resolution



- ▶ Consider where the group is in their development- what is your role?
- ▶ Assess what the nature of the conflict is
- ▶ Allow time for emotions to calm down
- ▶ Simple tool:
 - ▶ VOMP



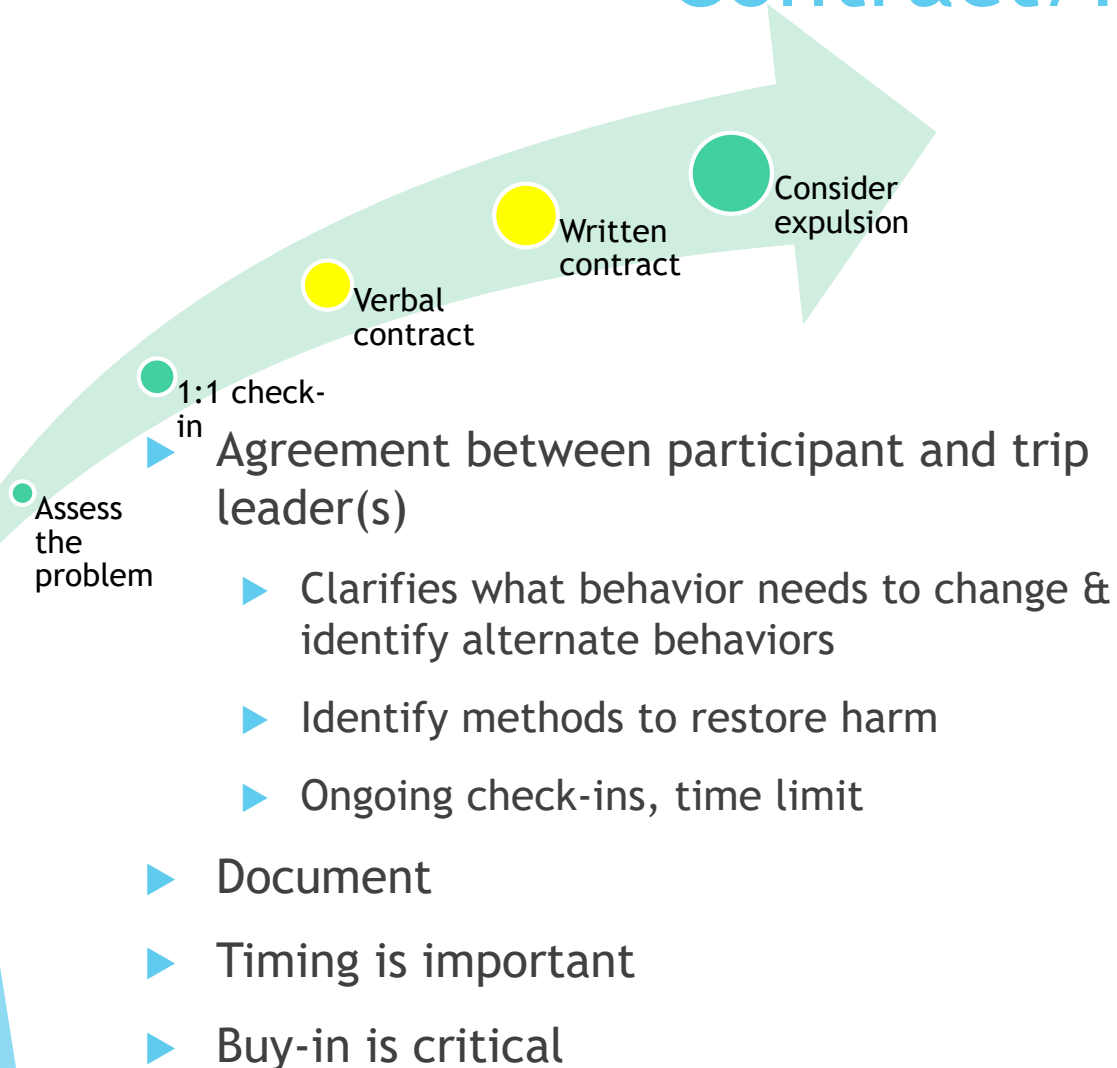
Addressing Problematic Behavior: Teaching Conflict Resolution

VOMP: a simple method to facilitate conflict resolution

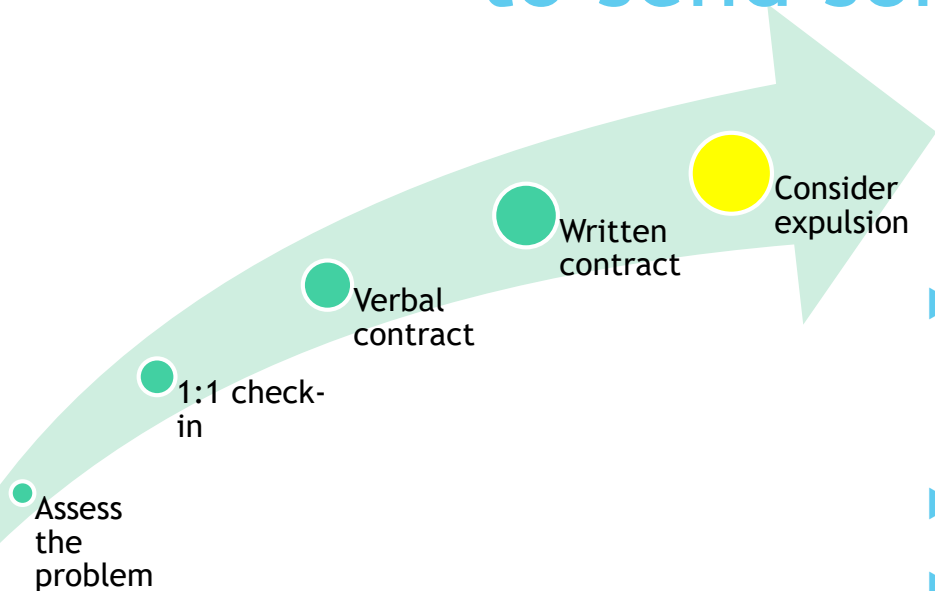
- ▶ **Voice:** each person describes their version of what happened, using “I statements”
- ▶ **Ownership:** each person takes ownership for their actions
- ▶ **Mile in their shoes:** each person tries to express empathy for the other person
- ▶ **Plan:** make a place for how to avoid reoccurrence.



Addressing Problematic Behavior: Verbal Contract/Plan



Addressing Problematic Behavior: When to send someone home



- ▶ Is the behavior impacting your ability to manage risk appropriately? Outside your skill set?
- ▶ Are other participants feeling safe?
- ▶ Does the participant understand why their behavior is not acceptable on course?
- ▶ Consider the overall impact to course quality for expelling vs. waiting it out
- ▶ Bring in outside support



Creating Positive Group Culture

- ▶ Accurate assessments
- ▶ Planning
- ▶ Genuine, early rapport
- ▶ Co-leader relationship
- ▶ Intentional tone set: ice breakers, supportive environment, developing trust, established group norms
- ▶ Observe, re-assess, adjust

Addressing Negative Behaviors

- ▶ Consider the “why”- what are they hoping to accomplish?
- ▶ Observe, assess, and address:
 - ▶ Identify the behavior, its cause, and its impact/harm
 - ▶ Check in one-on-one
 - ▶ Conflict Resolution tools
 - ▶ Formal plans/contracts
 - ▶ Remove from the group if necessary

Small Group Discussions

- ▶ Use a scenario from your experience
- ▶ What were root causes are of the behavior/conflict?
- ▶ What could have been done proactively to prevent?
- ▶ How did you address it? Would you do anything differently?

References and Resources



References:

- ▶ Raynolds, Lodato, Gorden, et. al., *Leadership the Outward Bound Way*
- ▶ Glasser, *Choice Theory*

Resources:

- ▶ Sample course-start (tone set) plan
- ▶ Conflict Resolution tools: VOMP
- ▶ Games & Initiatives:
<http://wilderdom.com/games/>

Thank you!
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Stuart Montgomery